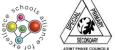


Name of School:	Lakeside Nursery and Primary School	Date of assessment:	29 th August 2021	Date of review:	This document will be continually updated to meet the needs of the current Covid climate.
Identify those at risk:	Staff Pupils Agency staff/contractors Visitors Vulnerable groups: BAME Underlying health conditions including clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV) and extremely vulnerable Pregnant workers	How someone could be harmed:	Coronavirus disease (COVID- 19) is an infectious disease caused by a newly discovered coronavirus. The COVID-19 virus spreads primarily through droplets of saliva or discharge from the nose when an infected person coughs or sneezes. Most infected people will develop mild to moderate illness and recover without hospitalisation. In some cases, and if a person has a underlying health conditions, COVID-19 can cause serious ill health.	Assessed by:	Sam Armstrong (Academy Head)

Issued on behalf of the Surrey Recovery Planning Team

Risk rating prior to Action H/M/L	In place? Yes/No or N/A	Additional control measures to reduce the risk or the reasons why the recommended standard cannot be met.	Actioned by when and by who?	Risk rating following action H/M/L
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COVID-19 Risk Assessment Template v18 - 24th August 2021



Awareness of and adherence to policies and procedures	L	 Health and Safety Policy has been updated in light of the COVID-19 advice All staff, pupils and volunteers are aware of all relevant policies and procedures including, but not limited to, the following: Health and Safety Policy Infection Control Policy First Aid Policy All staff have regard to all relevant guidance and legislation including, but not limited to, the following: The Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) 2013 The Health Protection (Notification) Regulations 2010 Public Health England (PHE) (2017) 'Health protection in schools and other childcare facilities' DfE and PHE (2020) 'COVID-19: guidance for educational settings' 	Y Y Y	All policies are available on the DP and/ or school website and all staff are expected to read them. Training around these will be given on Inset day on 1 st September. Regular reminders of these policies are given in briefings/ staff meetings and where updates are made, staff are signposted to the DPS to find this. Relevant training in provided via Flick.	SLT/ Exec	
		 The school keeps up-to-date with advice issued by, but not limited to, the following: DfE; NHS; Department of Health and Social Care; PHE 	Y			





		 Staff are made aware of the school's infection control procedures in relation to coronavirus. Parents are made aware of the school's infection control procedures in relation to coronavirus via letter and social media. Pupils are made aware of the school's infection control procedures in relation to coronavirus and are informed that they must tell a member of staff if they begin to feel unwell. Staff and pupils are made aware of the process for removing face coverings when pupils and staff who use them arrive at school, and this is communicated clearly to parents and staff. The Staff and Volunteer Confidentiality Policy and Pupil Confidentiality Policy are followed at all times – this includes withholding the names of staff, volunteers and pupils with either confirmed or suspected cases of coronavirus. 	Y Y Y Y		
Prevention 1. Minimise contact with individuals who are unwell with COVID-19 symptoms	H	 When an individual develops COVID-19 symptoms or has a positive test If a pupil or staff member develops COVID-19 symptoms or has a positive test they will follow public health advice on <u>when to self-</u><u>isolate and what to do</u>. They should not come into school if they have symptoms, have had a positive test result or other reasons requiring them to stay at home due to the risk of them 	Y	Head	М





passing on COVID-19 (for example, they are	
required to quarantine).	
If anyone in the school develops <u>COVID-19</u>	
symptoms, however mild, they will be sent	
home and they should follow public health	
advice.	
For everyone with symptoms, they should	
avoid using public transport and, wherever	
possible, be collected by a member of their	
family or household.	
• If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be	
left in the medical room on their own if	
possible and safe to do so. A window should	
be opened for fresh air ventilation if possible.	
Appropriate PPE should also be used if close	
contact is necessary (such as for a very	
young child or a child with complex needs).	
Further information on this can be found in the	
use of PPE in education, childcare and	
children's social care settings guidance. Any	
rooms they use should be cleaned after they	
have left.	
The household (including any siblings) should	
follow the PHE stay at home guidance for	
households with possible or confirmed	
coronavirus (COVID-19) infection.	
The 'Flowchart school response to suspected	
or confirmed COVID-19 cases' will be	
followed for suspected or confirmed cases.	
In the majority of cases, schools and parents	
will be in agreement that a child with	





symptoms should not attend school, given the potential risk to others. In the event that a parent or guardian insists on a child attending school, schools can take the decision to refuse the child if in their reasonable judgement it is necessary to protect their pupils and staff from possible infection with coronavirus (COVID-19). Any such decision would need to be carefully considered in light of all the circumstances and the current public health advice.	
 In an emergency, call 999 if someone is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk. Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital. Any members of staff who have helped someone with symptoms and any pupils who have been in close contact with them do not need to go home to self-isolate unless they develop symptoms themselves (in which case, they should arrange a test) or they have been requested to do so by NHS Test & Trace. 	
 Everyone will wash their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with soap and running water or use hand sanitiser after any contact with someone who is unwell. The area around the person with symptoms must be cleaned with normal household disinfectant after they have left to reduce the risk of passing the infection 	





			 on to other people. See the <u>COVID-19</u>: <u>cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance</u>. Any medication given to ease the unwell individual's symptoms, e.g. paracetamol, is administered in accordance with the Administering Medications Policy. Spillages of bodily fluids, e.g. respiratory and nasal discharges, are cleaned up immediately in line with the Infection Control Policy and <u>Cleaning in non-healthcare settings</u> guidance. 				
1.	Prevention Where recommended, use of face covering	М	 From Step 4, face coverings are no longer recommended for pupils, staff and visitors either in classrooms or in communal areas. Pupils aged 11 and over should wear a face covering when travelling on dedicated transport to secondary school or college. Temporary additional measures in the event of an outbreak 	Y	Staff may wear a face covering on a daily basis in communal areas if they desire.	Head	L
			 If a specific threshold in the school's Outbreak Management Plan is met the following additional measures will be considered. Face coverings will temporarily be re- introduced in communal areas and classrooms for, staff and visitors, unless exempt. Transparent face coverings, which may assist communication with someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate, can also be worn. 		Parents will be asked to wear face masks at drop off and collection times.	Head	





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		• Face visors or shields can be worn by those exempt from wearing a face covering but they are not an equivalent alternative in terms of source control of virus transmission. They should only be used after carrying out a risk assessment for the specific situation and should always be cleaned appropriately.				
		 In the event of an outbreak, <u>Contingency</u> <u>framework: education and childcare settings</u> will be referred to in reimplementing the use of face coverings. 				
Prevention 2. Clean hands thoroughly more often than usual	М	 Pupils clean their hands regularly, including: when they arrive at the school when they return from breaks when they change rooms before and after eating Pupils and staff will need to wash their hands and incorporate time for this in timetables or lesson plans. Staff working with pupils who spit uncontrollably may want more opportunities to wash their hands than other staff. Pupils who use saliva as a sensory stimulant or who struggle with 'catch it, bin it, kill it' may also need more opportunities to wash their hands. Continue to help pupils with complex needs to clean their hands properly. Frequent and thorough hand cleaning should now be regular practice. 	Y	All classrooms will have appropriate access to soap and sanitiser.	SLT All staff	L





			 Ensure there is enough hand washing or hand sanitiser stations available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly Supervise hand sanitiser use given the risks around ingestion – skin friendly skin cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative Building these routines into school culture, supported by behaviour expectations and helping ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs understand the need to follow them 				
3.	Prevention Good respiratory hygiene	Η	 'Catch it, bin it, kill it' approach continues to be very important, suitable number of tissues and bins available in the school to support pupils and staff to follow this routine. Younger pupils and those with complex needs are helped to follow this. Risk assessments to identify pupils with complex needs who struggle to maintain good respiratory hygiene, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant. 	Y	Children to be reminded regularly of the 'Catch it, bin it, kill it' approach. Encourage children to wash hands following procedure. Bins to be emptied regularly.	Head All staff	М
4.	Prevention Cleaning and disinfection	М	 Surfaces that pupils are touching, such as toys, books, desks, chairs, doors, sinks, toilets, light switches, bannisters are cleaned more regularly than normal. More frequent cleaning of rooms and shared areas that are used by different groups Soft furnishings, soft toys and toys that are hard to clean (such as those with intricate parts) are removed. 	Y	All areas in the school will have their own cleaning packs and the staff must ensure these are maintained regularly with additional products available from the office. 'Hot spots' still cleaned more regularly throughout the day	Head All staff Site Manager	L





 Toilets will need to be cleaned regularly and pupils must be encouraged to clean their hands thoroughly after using the toilet - 	and by the cleaning staff at the end of the day.
different groups being allocated their own	Children to use only their
toilet blocks could be considered but is not a requirement if the site does not allow for it	allocated classroom toilets.
 The <u>COVID-19</u>: cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance is followed. 	Equipment used regularly in the classrooms should be cleaned
Outdoor playground equipment should be cleaned more frequently. This includes	regularly.
resources used inside and outside by wrap around care providers as set out in the School Lettings Policy/Contract.	Lunchtime equipment allocated to year groups and on a weekly rotation.
 Spillages of bodily fluids, e.g. respiratory and nasal discharges, are cleaned up immediately in line with the Infection Control Policy and <u>Cleaning in non-healthcare settings</u> guidance 	
 Cleaners are employed by the school to carry out daily, thorough cleaning that follows national guidance and is compliant with the COSHH Policy and the Health and Safety Policy. 	
The site manager arranges enhanced cleaning to be undertaken where required – advice about enhanced cleaning protocols is sought from the local health team. Schools short of cleaning product supplies, should email <u>DfE-</u> <u>CovidEnguiries.COMMERCIAL@education.go</u> v.uk	





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		 The site manager monitors the cleaning standards of school cleaning contractors and discusses any additional measures required with regards to managing the spread of coronavirus. 				
Prevention 5. Minimise contact	M	• From Step 4, it is no longer recommend that it is necessary to keep children in consistent groups ('bubbles'). Bubbles will not need to be used in schools from the Autumn term.	Y	Face to face assemblies to be kept to phases initially. Whole school assembly to remain virtual.	Head All staff Extende d Provisio n staff	L
		 Educational visits The school will undertake full and thorough risk assessments in relation to all educational visits and ensure that any public health advice, such as hygiene and ventilation 		Lunchtime- use of dining room- try to keep year groups together where possible and ensure cleaning between seatings.	n stan	
		requirements, is included as part of that risk assessment. <u>General guidance</u> about educational visits is available and is supported by specialist advice from the Outdoor		Onsite visitors to follow the same procedures as the staff.		
		Education Advisory Panel (OEAP).		In the mornings, children will enter the school via allocated gates. Parents will remain		
		 Wraparound activities From Step 4, it is no longer recommended necessary to keep children in consistent 		offsite. At collection time in the		
		groups ('bubbles'). This means that bubbles will not need to be used for any summer provision or from the autumn term.		afternoons, parents may be allowed onsite. They will collect their children from the		
		• From Step 4, it is no longer advised that providers limit the attendance of parents and carers at sessions. The school will continue to		classrooms. Where a bottleneck may take place on the pathway outside of		
L		ensure that parents' and carers' most up-to-		the Year 2 classrooms, parents		





 date contact details are held in case of an emergency. Wraparound childcare and other organised activities for children may take place in groups of any number. Providers caring for children: under 5 years only should refer to the guidance for early years and childcare providers during the COVID-19 pandemic both under 5 years and aged 5 years and over, in mixed groups together, should follow the guidance on actions for out-of-school settings. 	for KS1 and Reception will enter the site via the Dragonfly Garden gate and follow a one way system around the building. Staff who are not double vaccinated to avoid the staffroom environment, especially in the busy times of day such as breaks and lunchtimes.	
 Sports provision, including competition between settings, should be planned and delivered in line with government guidance. Providers of sports activities will also refer to: guidance on grassroot sports for public and sport providers, safe provision and facilities, and guidance from Sport England advice from organisations such as the Association for Physical Education and the Youth Sport Trust guidance from Swim England on school swimming and water safety lessons available at returning to pools 		





 Perform Singing, can be u provided coronavii If plannin performa school w 	uidance documents and using hanging rooms safely ances, Events and Music wind and brass instrument lessons ndertaken, following guidance by the DCMS working safely during rus (COVID-19): performing arts. og an indoor or outdoor face-to-face ance in front of a live audience, the ill also follow the latest advice in the vorking safely during coronavirus 19): performing arts.	Children to all face forwards in the same direction and to be socially distanced where possible.		
 (COVID- events, n COVID-1 local aution Where the by extern such as a organisation 	ing sporting or other organised nore information can be found in the 19: <u>Organised events guidance for</u> horities. The school premises are hired for use hal wraparound childcare providers, after-school or holiday clubs, these tions will:			
 Where the by extern such as a organisa Construction of the second s	ne school premises are hired for use nal wraparound childcare providers, after-school or holiday clubs, these			
	ary additional measures in the an outbreak			
Manager	ific threshold in the school's Outbreak ment Plan is met the following al measures will be considered.			





 It may become necessary to reintroduce 'bubbles' for a temporary period, to reduce mixing between groups, as follows. 	
 The number of contacts between pupils and staff is reduced. This is achieved through keeping groups separate (in 'Bubbles'). The school will consider: The layout of the school site; The feasibility of keeping distinct groups separate while offering a broad curriculum 	
More information on groups can be found in COVID-19: <u>Guidance for full opening</u>	
 All teachers and other staff can operate across different classes and year groups in order to facilitate the delivery of the school timetable. This will be particularly important for secondary schools. 	
 Supply teachers, peripatetic teachers and/or other temporary staff can move between schools. 	
 Large gatherings such as assemblies are avoided, and groups kept apart. 	
 The timetable is revised to implement where possible: Plan for lessons or activities which keep groups apart and movement around the school site to a minimum; 	
 Maximise the number of lessons or classroom activities which could take place outdoors; 	



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		 Staggered assembly groups; Break times (including lunch) are staggered so that all pupils are not moving around the school at the same time. Pupils use the same classroom or defined area of a setting throughout the day, with a thorough cleaning of the rooms at the end of the day, and are seated at the same desk. Mixing within education or childcare setting is minimised by: accessing rooms directly from outside where possible; considering one-way circulation, or place a divider down the middle of the corridor to keep groups apart as they move through the setting where spaces are accessed by corridors; staggering lunch breaks and pupils clean their hands beforehand and enter in the groups they are already in or pupils are brought their lunch in their classrooms; The number of pupils using the toilet at any one time is limited. 			
		limited and there is cleaning between use by different groups.			
Prevention	L	 Good ventilation reduces the concentration of the virus in the air, which reduces the risk from airborne transmission. When the school 	Y Windows and doors to remain open in the classrooms. If the weather becomes much cooler,	Head All staff	L



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6. Keep occupied spaces well ventilated	 is in operation, it is important to ensure it is well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment is maintained. These can be achieved by a variety of measures including: mechanical ventilation systems – these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance and that only fresh outside air is circulated. If possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply natural ventilation – opening windows (in cooler weather windows should be opened just enough to provide constant background ventilation and opened more fully during breaks to purge the air in the space). Opening internal doors can also assist with creating a throughput of air natural ventilation – if necessary external opening doors may also be used (as long as they are not fire doors and where safe to do so) The Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak and <u>CIBSE coronavirus (COVID-19)</u> advice provides more information. 	the doors may be closed during the time the children are in the classroom, but must be opened during break times to allow a larger amount of fresh air into the room. Staff room to stay ventilated at all times throughout the day. Staff meetings can take place face to face but the room must be ventilated.	
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		 opening high level windows in colder weather in preference to low level to reduce draughts o increasing the ventilation while spaces are unoccupied (for example, between classes, during break and lunch, when a room is unused) o providing flexibility to allow additional, suitable indoor clothing o rearranging furniture where possible to avoid direct draughts Heating to be used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained particularly in occupied spaces. CO2 monitors and guidance for their use will be provided to the school during the Autumn term. 				
In specific circumstances 7. Where necessary, wear PPE	L	 The majority of staff in education settings will not require PPE beyond what they would normally need for their work. PPE is only needed in a very small number of cases, including: where an individual child or young person becomes ill with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms while at schools Performing aerosol generating procedures (AGPs) When working with children and young people who cough, spit or vomit but do not have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, only wear PPE that would be routinely worn, should be worn. 	Y	For EYs staff who change nappies, PPE including mask, aprons and gloves should be worn.	Head All staff	L





		• Read the guidance on <u>safe working in</u> <u>education, childcare and children's social care</u> for more information about preventing and controlling infection and follow SCC's PPE guidance.				
In specific	L	Asymptomatic testing	Y		All staff	L
circumstances		• Testing remains important in reducing the risk				
8. Promote and		of transmission of infection within schools.				
engage in		Staff undertake twice weekly home tests				
asymptomatic		whenever they are on site starting three days				
testing, where		before returning to school until the end of				
available		September, when this will also be reviewed.				
		Confirmatory PCR tests				
		• Staff and pupils with a positive LFD test result				
		should self-isolate in line with the stay at				
		home guidance for households with possible				
		or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19)				
		infection. They will also need to get a				
		free PCR test to check if they have COVID-				
		 <u>19</u>. Whilst awaiting the PCR result, the individual 				
		should continue to self-isolate.				
		 If the PCR test is taken within 2 days of the 				
		positive lateral flow test, and is negative, it				
		overrides the self-test LFD test and the pupil				
		can return to school, as long as the individual				
		doesn't have COVID-19 symptoms.				
		Additional information on <u>PCR test kits for</u>				
		schools and further education providers is				
		available.				





Response	to	L	•	From Step 4, close contacts will be identified	Y	Head	L
infection	า			via NHS Test and Trace and the school is no		All staff	
9. Test and tr	ace			longer expected to undertake contact tracing.			
			•	As with positive cases in any other setting,			
				NHS Test and Trace will work with the			
				positive case and/or their parent to identify			
				close contacts. Contacts from a school setting			
				will only be traced by NHS Test and Trace			
				where the positive case and/or their parent			
				specifically identifies the individual as being a			
				close contact. This is likely to be a small			
				number of individuals who would be most at			
				risk of contracting COVID-19 due to the			
				nature of the close contact.			
			٠	The school is aware it may be contacted in			
				exceptional cases to help with identifying			
				close contacts, as currently happens in			
				managing other infectious diseases.			
			٠	Individuals are not required to self-isolate if			
				they live in the same household as someone			
				with COVID-19, or are a close contact of			
				someone with COVID-19, and any of the			
				following apply:			
				 they are fully vaccinated 			
				 they are below the age of 18 years 			
				and 6 months			
				 they have taken part in or are currently 			
				part of an approved COVID-19 vaccine			
				trial			
				 they are not able to get vaccinated for 			
				medical reasons			
			•	Instead, they will be contacted by NHS Test			
				and Trace, informed they have been in close			





		 contact with a positive case and advised to <u>take a PCR test</u>. The school will encourage all individuals to take a PCR test if advised to do so. Staff who do not need to isolate, and children and young people aged under 18 years 6 months who usually attend school, and have been identified as a close contact, should continue to attend school as normal. They do not need to wear a face covering within the school, but it is expected and recommended that these are worn when travelling on public or dedicated transport. 			
Response to infection 10. Managing confirmed COVID-19 cases	H	 Confirmed cases of COVID-19 will be managed by the school should they arise in any of the following cases: if a pupil or staff member develops COVID-19 symptoms or has a positive test; if anyone in the school develops COVID-19 symptoms, however mild; In any of these cases, the school will refer to section 1 of this risk assessment, specifically under the heading "When an individual develops COVID-19 symptoms or has a positive test". 	Y	Head	M
Response to infection	H	The <u>contingency framework</u> describes the principles of managing local outbreaks of COVID-19 in education and childcare settings. Local authorities, directors of public health	Y	Head/ Exec	М





11. Contain any		(DsPH) and PHE health protection teams		
outbreaks		(HPTs) can recommend measures described		
		in the contingency framework in individual		
		education and childcare settings – or a small		
		cluster of settings – as part of their outbreak		
		management responsibilities.		
		The school's Outbreak Management Plan		
	•	•		
		describes what it would do if children, pupils,		
		students or staff test positive for COVID-19, or		
		how the school would operate if it was		
		advised to reintroduce any measures		
		described in this document to help break		
		chains of transmission.		
	•	The Outbreak Management Plan will be kept		
		up-to-date and relevant to the school's unique		
		setting, referencing the government's <u>COVID-</u>		
		<u>19 Contingency Framework</u> and the <u>Surrey</u>		
		County Council local outbreak control plan.		
	•	This risk assessment sets out the additional		
		protective measures which will be considered		
		in the case of and for the duration of an		
		outbreak i.e. if a specific threshold is met, as		
		set out in the government's <u>COVID-19</u>		
		Contingency Framework and the school's		
		Outbreak Management Plan.		
	•	The additional measures are given elsewhere		
		in this risk assessment under separate		
		headings " <i>Temporary additional measures</i>		
		in the event of an outbreak" and are shown		
		in <i>italic</i> text.		
	•	Covid Clinics – consultation offer provides		
		additional support to assist school leaders in		





		their decision making in response to an outbreak. The consultation service is delivered by Surrey County Council Public Health and School Relationships & Support Service.				
Attendance	H	 Clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV) All clinically extremely vulnerable pupils should attend their school unless they are one of the very small number of pupils under paediatric or other specialist care and have been advised by their GP or clinician not to attend. Pupils who live with someone who is clinically extremely vulnerable should continue to attend school as normal. Further information is available in the guidance on <u>supporting pupils at school with</u> <u>medical conditions</u> and guidance on <u>protecting people who are clinically extremely vulnerable</u>. 	Y	Discussions with the family of the pupils to find out if there are extra adjustments which need to be made.	Head	M
	L	 Travel and quarantine All pupils travelling to England must adhere to current legislation, details of which are set out in government travel advice. The school will check the current 'red list' and liaise with parents to ensure any pupils arriving from or through an affected country will follow this advice. 	Y		Head	L





Morléoroo		Additional guidance has been issued on the <u>guarantine arrangements for boarding school</u> <u>pupils</u> travelling from red-list countries to attend a boarding school in England.	X		Hood	
Workforce	H	 Clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV) Clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV) people are advised, as a minimum, to follow the same guidance as everyone else. It is important that everyone adheres to this guidance, but CEV people may wish to think particularly carefully about the additional precautions they can continue to take. Further information can be found in the <u>19 July guidance on protecting people who are CEV from COVID-19</u>. The school is able to explain the measures it has in place to keep CEV staff safe at work, noting the Health and Safety Executive's (HSE) <u>guidance on protecting vulnerable workers</u>, including <u>advice for employers and employees on how to talk about reducing risks in the workplace</u>. 	Y	Individual discussions with CEV staff and additional risk assessments in place should additional measures need to be in place. Staff to avoid gathering in large numbers. Staff to wash hands at regular intervals (same times as the children).	Head	M
	М	 Pregnant women Pregnant women are considered 'clinically vulnerable' or in some cases 'clinically extremely vulnerable' to coronavirus (COVID- 			Head	L





		 19) and therefore require special consideration as set out in the <u>guidance for</u> <u>pregnant employees</u>. Employers should carry out a risk assessment to follow the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (MHSW). Pregnant women of any gestation should not be required to continue working if this is not supported by the risk assessment. Women who are 28 weeks pregnant and beyond, or are pregnant and have an underlying health condition that puts them at a greater risk of severe illness from COVID-19 at any gestation, should take a more precautionary approach. Employers should ensure pregnant women are able to adhere to any active national guidance on social distancing and/or advice for pregnant women considered to be clinically extremely vulnerable (this group may previously have been advised to shield). 		Individual risk assessments in place.		
Emergencies	L	 All pupil emergency contact details are up-to- date, including alternative emergency contact 	Y		Head Admin	L
		 date, including alternative emergency contact details, where required. Parents are contacted as soon as practicable in the event of an emergency. Pupil alternative contacts are called where their primary emergency contact cannot be contacted. 			team	





The school has an up-to-date First Aid Policy in place which outlines the management of medical emergencies – medical emergencies are managed in line with this policy.		
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This risk assessment has been agreed by the following:

Name	Date	Designation	Organisation	Signature

